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Old Income-tax Act, 1961 vs New Income-tax Bill, 2025

(Passed on 11th of August 2025 - A Comparison)

1. Structure and Organisation

- Old Law (1961 Act): The law had grown bulky and complex over six decades, with approx. 300 sections, many provisos, crossreferences, and multiple amendments leading to confusion.
- New Law (2025 Bill): The entire Act is rewritten in a cleaner, chapter-wise, sequential manner with approx. 536 well organised sections. Provisions are grouped logically (e.g., definitions, income categories, exemptions, computation, provisions, deductions. special administration, penalties). Numbering is fresh, starting from Clause/section 1, avoiding decades of scattered insertions.

2. Definitions and Terminology

- **Simplified language:** Many outdated definitions from the 1961 Act are re-written in shorter and simpler terms.
- New inclusions: Terms like "tax year", "specified person/entity", "faceless jurisdiction", and "offshore banking units" are formally defined.
- Removals: Several obsolete references (like Gold Bonds of the 1970s, old bearer bonds, outdated company law terms) have been dropped.

3. Year of Taxation

- **Old Act:** Used the concept of "Previous Year" and "Assessment Year" for most provisions.
- New Bill: Introduces "Tax Year" as a clearer primary reference for the period of income assessment, aiming to reduce confusion for taxpayers.

4. Income Classification

 Both laws keep the five main heads of income (salary, house property, business/profession, capital gains, other sources).

Changes in New Bill:

- Certain income types (like some capital receipts from specified persons) are now explicitly taxable.
- More precise treatment for digital assets, foreign income, and gifts from entities.
- Some exemptions removed or narrowed down for better targeting.

5. Exemptions and Deductions

New Bill:

- Many small, rarely used exemptions from the old law have been scrapped.
- Deductions are consolidated and conditions simplified.
- New deductions for electric vehicle purchases, Agnipath Scheme contributions, and specific housing loan interest are included.
- Some political donation provisions are separated for transparency.
- Old Act: Had a scattered list under Section 10, 80C to 80U, with frequent overlaps and exceptions.

6. Capital Gains

- **New Bill:** Brings in clearer rules for:
 - Market Linked Debentures
 - Slump sale transactions
 - Fair market value substitutions in more situations.
 - Consolidated exemptions with uniform timelines for reinvestment.
- Old Act: Rules were spread over multiple sections with varied conditions and timelines.

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7. Anti-Avoidance and Special Provisions

- Old Act: Contained General Anti-Avoidance Rules (GAAR) and some specific antiavoidance clauses, but scattered and difficult to apply.
- New Bill: Retains GAAR but integrates it with specific anti-abuse measures (like limitation on interest deduction, secondary adjustments in transfer pricing) in a more connected chapter.

8. Administration and Taxpayer Services

New Bill:

- Introduces Taxpayer's Charter as a formal part of law.
- "Faceless" systems for assessment, appeals, information collection are codified, not just in rules.
- Jurisdiction and powers of officers simplified.
- Old Act: These features existed via notifications/circulars but were not fully embedded in the main Act.

9. Appeals and Dispute Resolution

- New Bill: Creates new forums like *Dispute* Resolution Committee for small taxpayers,
 restructures appeal authorities, and makes
 advance rulings part of the main structure.
- Old Act: Had separate sections for appeals to Commissioner (Appeals), ITAT, High Court, SC, with some ad-hoc schemes for dispute settlement.

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10. Penalties and Prosecution

• New Bill:

- Penalties are reorganised by type of default, with clear description of non-compliance and corresponding consequence.
- New penalties for failure in electronic compliance and inaccurate digital reporting.
- Old Act: Penalty sections were numbered in 270A range and spread across with multiple overlapping clauses.